

# The Globe-Republic.

D. M. FROST, Publisher.  
DODGE CITY, KANSAS.

## THE WORLD AT LARGE.

### Summary of the Daily News.

#### CONGRESSIONAL.

A PETITION was presented in the Senate on the 10th from the Indianapolis Board of Trade favoring the repeal of the Interstate Commerce law. Bills were reported and placed on the calendar for various public buildings, the aggregate appropriations for which amount to over \$1,000,000. The Oklahoma bill was then taken up. Mr. Plumb offered an amendment bringing No-Man's Land under the jurisdiction of the proposed Territory. Pending debate on the amendment the bill was laid aside, and Senator Blair resumed his remarks on the Educational bill. Several bills, local in their character, passed and the Senate adjourned. The House agreed to the conference report on the bill to remove snags from the Missouri river, (it appropriates \$75,000), and the Committee on Rules reported. The rules were discussed until adjournment.

AFTER the introduction of bills on the 11th the Senate resumed consideration of the Oklahoma bill, the pending question being Mr. Plumb's amendment extending jurisdiction over No-Man's Land. A long debate followed and no final vote was reached. Mr. Hoar introduced a Congressional Election bill. The Senate bill appropriating \$100,000 for a public building at Beatrice, Neb., passed, and the Educational bill was debated until adjournment. In the House the journal was approved by the Speaker "seeing" a quorum, and the new rules were again discussed. After a lengthy debate the demand of Mr. Cannon (Ill.) for the previous question was refused and Mr. Springer's motion that a final vote be taken Friday was carried and the House adjourned.

WHEN the Senate met on the 12th the joint resolution congratulating Brazil upon the establishing of a Republic was taken up and passed unanimously. A resolution requesting the President to invite the King of the Hawaiian Islands to select delegates to the Pan-American congress also passed. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

THE House continued the debate on the new rules, no other business being in order until the rules are disposed of.

THE Senate on the 13th resumed consideration of the Oklahoma bill. After a lengthy debate Mr. Plumb's amendment, including No-Man's Land within the jurisdiction of the new Territory was finally adopted by a vote of 27 to 16. An amendment by Senator Plumb to attach the Cherokee Outlet to the new Territory for judicial purposes was rejected. An amendment prohibiting the issuing of bonds to railroads was adopted and the bill passed as amended. The House unanimously passed the Senate joint resolution congratulating the people of the United States of Brazil upon the adoption of a republican form of government. The rules were then debated until adjournment.

At the expiration of the morning hour the Senate on the 14th proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar and passed sixty bills. Among the bills passed were that for the relief of soldiers and sailors who enlisted under assumed names, and the bill to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases from one State to another. Most of the bills passed were local in their nature. After an executive session the Senate adjourned. The House continued the debate on the new rules and at five o'clock the question was ordered and the rules adopted by a strict party vote, 121 to 115, and the House adjourned.

#### WASHINGTON NOTES.

SENATOR INGALLS recently received a cartridge loaded with powder and buckshot accompanied with a threatening note from Jackson, Miss.

HENRY J. FANZ, the victim of the outrage at Aberdeen, Miss., arrived at Washington on the 11th.

THE President, it was said, was ready to issue a proclamation pardoning and restoring to citizenship deserters from the army. The number of desertions since 1867, the period to be included in the proposed pardon, is about 97,000.

THOMAS J. MORGAN has been confirmed Commissioner of Indian Affairs. The vote stood 28 to 16.

SECRETARY BLAINE has resumed his official duties at the State Department. SENATOR GORMAN is suffering from influenza in Washington.

THE President has authorized the immediate expenditure of \$2,000 for the relief of the Devil's Lake Indians.

DONCHESTER, for Indian School Superintendent, has been confirmed by the Senate.

THE decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in the celebrated cattle case of the Rock Island vs. the Chicago & Alton was in favor of the Alton.

#### THE EAST.

G. W. POOLE's gelding St. Nick broke his leg in a race at Guttenberg, N. Y., and was shot. It was a valuable horse, well known in Kansas. His rider, Soden, was badly jarred, but not dangerously hurt.

THE village of Camden, N. Y., was reported on fire on the night of the 12th.

PRESENCE of mind and coolness of the Mother Superior of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, opposite the Vanderbilt mansion, New York, the other day saved the 414 orphan boys on a fire breaking out, which did \$10,000 damage.

NEW YORK CITY's aldermen have unanimously passed a resolution for an opinion by the corporation counsel as to the legality of an issue of bonds for a World's Fair without action by the State Assembly.

THE laying of the corner stone of Andrew Carnegie's library at Allegheny City, Pa., has been postponed at the request of President Harrison.

A GIGANTIC miners' strike throughout Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois is thought probable.

By the explosion of the boiler of a moving locomotive on the McKeesport railroad, near Douglass, Pa., two men were killed and three badly hurt.

ROBERT GARRETT, late of the R. & O., has been spirited away from his country seat in charge of two doctors. Relatives are ignorant of his whereabouts.

PHILADELPHIA merchants have adopted resolutions condemning the McKinley Customs bill.

APPLICATION has been made by the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company of New York for the appointment of a receiver for the Missouri Central Railroad Company.

#### THE WEST.

THE Fish Bros' Wagon Company, of Racine, Wis., have refused to prosecute W. A. Booth, the old secretary, who ran away in October, 1888, with \$10,000, and was lately found in California.

FIRE in Fort Collins, Col., the other night destroyed property worth \$45,000.

THE election at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 10th was decidedly in favor of the Liberal or Gentile party, the Mormons being defeated by two to one. Much bitterness prevailed, but no fights occurred.

A NORTH DAKOTA Senate special committee has begun the investigation of the charges of bribery in connection with the Lottery bill. Nothing was developed at the first sitting.

SUIT has been begun at Des Moines, Iowa, to compel the Rock Island & Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern railroads to furnish the State a list of stockholders and other lawful information.

THE engine of a construction train ran into a caboose at great speed near Lagerville, Cal., recently and three men on the cowcatcher were killed. The accident was due to the engineer losing control of the engine.

A BOY broke his father's neck near Greasy Ridge, O., while protecting his mother from assault. The old man went for his son with a poker, but a blow from a chair ended his life.

THREE thousand persons were at Central Music Hall, Chicago, on the night of the 12th to celebrate the eighty-first birthday of Abraham Lincoln.

THE St. Louis, Indianapolis & Eastern railroad of Indiana and Illinois has been consolidated under one management.

By the recent flood in Oregon a man named Turner was drowned and Mrs. John Andrews was killed by a landslide near Simsbard. The damage in that vicinity aggregated \$50,000.

JAMES W. SYKES, the ex-Chicago seed warehouseman convicted of defrauding a loan company by false warehouse receipts, has been granted a new trial on technical grounds.

THE large factory of the Grand Rapids (Mich.) Brush Company took fire the other morning and a fierce wind soon swept the flames into the works of the Grand Rapids Parlor Furniture Company and both were destroyed. The losses were heavy.

AN aged woman was burned to death recently in a fire at Oliver Benway's house at Central Lake, Mich.

BISHOP FINK, of the Leavenworth diocese, has issued a pastoral declaring that no Catholic can become a member of the Farmers' Alliance.

A STREET car was smashed by a Pan-handle train at Newark, O., recently. A man and a woman were fatally injured.

A PORTION of the great Farwell building, Adams and Market streets, Chicago, was destroyed by fire recently. The loss footed up nearly \$500,000 and would have been immense but for a fire-proof wall.

LAWLESSNESS was said to be on the increase in the newly-opened Sioux reservation.

EUGENE CALLAHAN, eighteen years old, at Cheyenne, Wyo., recently unsuccessfully attempted the life of his sixteen-year-old sweetheart and then shot and killed himself.

THE engineer and fireman of a Monon passenger train were both killed at Mitchell, Ind., by a collision on the 14th. The mail agent was fatally injured. Six or seven others were seriously hurt.

THE Denver (Col.) police have arrested two men charged with conspiring to kidnap ex-Senator Tabor and hold him for \$50,000 ransom.

THE deadlock in the Iowa House continued unbroken on the 14th.

MILTON E. PAGE, manufacturer of confections, of Chicago, has failed for \$150,000.

THE Sixth annual convention of the Electric Light Association ended at Kansas City, Mo., on the 14th. M. J. Perry was elected president.

#### THE SOUTH.

TWENTY-two thousand negroes have been sent out of North Carolina by labor agents.

HON. WILLIAM POWELL CLAYTON's views on the race question differ widely from those entertained by the late Henry W. Grady. His idea is to give perfect freedom of action to the negroes in the South instead of hampering them in many directions as at present.

By a collision on the Alabama & Great Southern road between a southbound special excursion train to New Orleans, on the 12th, and the northbound Tuscaloosa accommodation train, Engineer Edward Doolittle was killed and some ten or fifteen persons on the accommodation were hurt.

THE Saengerfest opened brilliantly at New Orleans on the 12th.

FROM two to fourteen inches of snow fell in Northern and Western Texas on the 12th. It was hailed as a blessing as the ground was very dry.

SAM JONES, the evangelist, it is said, will locate on the valuable ranch he has bought for himself in Kentucky, near Eminence.

AN awful story is reported from Crawfordville, Ark. A young man named Corvett outraged and murdered a young lady relative and was seized by an infuriated mob, who chopped him up and burned the remains.

A MRS. DANA, of Tennessee, is the latest claimant to the millions left by Thomas L. Bean, the mysterious Texas cattle magnate. She claims that he was her brother and his real name was Sanders.

THE long overdue steamship Domira, from Glasgow, December 31, for Baltimore, has reached port after a terrible experience. One seaman was lost.

THE citizens of Mobile, Ala., have subscribed \$250,000 to the preferred stock of the Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City railroad. Work from Mobile will be at once begun.

A CYCLONE swept over the parish east of Carroll, La., on the 14th, injuring property and live-stock and hurting a number of people, but fortunately causing no loss of life.

A YOUNG man named Tom James, formerly of Kansas City, was killed by another young man named Bazina in a pugilistic encounter of four rounds while the Muldoon-Kilrain show was at Dallas, Tex., recently. James had received a terrific undercut blow and was knocked senseless until his death.

BROWN BROTHERS & Co., perfumers of Baltimore, have failed, with \$100,000 liabilities.

W. R. SAUNDERS, a deputy United States marshal, has been assassinated in Gadsden County, Fla.

THE Catholics in Ontario, Can., are taking united action against the abolition of separate schools.

THE Duke of Orleans, charged with entering France in violation of the Exile law, was sentenced to two years in jail. There was some demonstration outside the court, but the police dispersed the crowd.

OWING to the rescripts recently issued by Emperor William to Prince Bismarck and Baron von Berlepsch, Prussian Minister of Commerce, in regard to the labor question, and his Majesty's censures of the doings of the political police, German Socialists have withdrawn their decision to organize a universal labor strike in May.

It is said that King Mwanda has regained his authority in Uganda, has destroyed the slave dhows and is friendly with the Christians.

MOUNT ZOO, near Fukuyama, Japan, was in eruption recently. Only one man lost his life, but some stock was killed and fifty houses were destroyed.

THE Count of Paris, who, with the Duke de Chartres, was a passenger bound for Vera Cruz, arrived at Porto Rico on the 12th where he received intelligence of the arrest of his son, the Duke of Orleans. He immediately sent a cable dispatch saying: "My heart is with my dear prisoner."

It is reported in London that the Government will drop the subject of assisted education for this session of Parliament.

THE report of the Parnell Commission was laid before the British Parliament on the 13th. In substance it fully exonerates Parnell from the grave charges of the London Times, but condemns the Land League for being under the influence of those conniving at dynamite outrages.

THE European holders of Peruvian bonds have decided to accept the Grace contract recently made by Peru.

THE fourteen-gun British steel and iron corvette Conquest has gone on the rocks of the island of Pemba, above Zanzibar, and will probably prove a total loss.

THE fugitive Walton, who stole \$35,000 from the Pacific Express Company at Dallas, Tex., has been traced to Toronto, Ont.

PORTUGUESE Conservatives are of the opinion that danger of a Republican revolution has passed.

THE Sultan of Zanzibar is dead. His death was sudden and gave rise to sinister rumors. He was succeeded by his brother.

ADVICES have been received that the troops of King Menelek, of Abyssinia, have had an engagement with the forces of General Ras Alula. The battle was a severe one and Ras Alula was dangerously wounded and his army defeated.

DISPATCHES state that Emin Pasha was reluctant to leave Bagamoyo and that now he is grieved and expresses amazement at Stanley's statements.

At Pontivy, France, the other day the vehicle conveying a bride and groom and a number of their friends was upset and the whole party were precipitated into the river. The bride and bridegroom and ten others of the party were drowned.

BUSINESS failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended February 13 numbered 302, compared with 311 the previous week and 289 the corresponding week of last year.

THE Earl of Sidney is dead.

AN unknown lumber laden ship went to pieces on Vancouver island, B. C., recently and all the crew were lost.

THE death of the Sultan of Zanzibar was attributed to sunstroke.

THE great university at Toronto, Ont., has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$500,000; insurance, \$164,000.

#### THE LATEST.

THE Special Committee on Pacific Railroads has agreed to accept the reports of Senator Frye on the Union Pacific and Senator Davis on the Central Pacific. Frye praises the Union Pacific quite highly; Davis thinks the Central Pacific might do better.

A RENOVATED flat car crashed into a passenger coach at Marengo, Wis., the other night. The wreck was set on fire. Five persons were slightly injured.

CLEARING house returns for the week ended February 14 showed an average decrease of 2.5 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York there was a decrease of 5.2.

MONEY stringency continued in London during the week ended February 14. Stock speculation was restricted. The Paris Bourse was quiet. The Berlin money market was firm with foreign securities better. Annual bank reports showed considerable prosperity. The Frankfurt Bourse was quiet.

THE eighty-fifth anniversary of the Economic Society was celebrated at Economy, Pa., on the 15th. Sixteen new members were taken in. There were still less than fifty members, owning about \$25,000,000 worth of property, and litigation was thought likely between the two factions that have existed for some time.

THE Saengerbund at New Orleans has decided upon triennial festivals hereafter.

THE steamer Louise was sunk near Hunter's mill on the St. Johns river, Fla., on the 16th. One man was drowned. THE London News' Lisbon correspondent says that many symptoms show that the Republican cause is increasing in strength daily and that the end of the Monarchy might come at any moment.

THE House on the 15th passed the "Mortgage Indebtedness" bill, an addendum to the Census act.

SOME unknown person threw a bomb in the alleyway at One Hundred and Fifty-Fifth and One Hundred and Fifty-Fourth streets, New York, the other evening. The missile exploded, blowing down a brick wall and wooden fence and shattering the house inside. Nobody was injured.

TWO Cincinnati & Southern freight trains collided at Melleville, Tenn., recently. An engineer and a brakeman were killed. The accident was caused by the negligence of a flagman.

PART of the insane asylum at Little Rock, Ark., was destroyed on the morning of the 16th. The five hundred inmates were successfully removed amid wild scenes of excitement. The loss was \$40,000.

## KANSAS STATE NEWS.

THE coal miners of Leavenworth have had their wages advanced two cents per bushel.

THE Governor and other State officials recently held a conference with representatives of the various railroads in regard to a reduction for the transportation of corn. The roads finally agreed that, taking effect February 20, the Kansas roads will unite in a reduction of the tariff rates on corn from Kansas points to Chicago of 10 per cent. from present figures, subject to a minimum of 20 cents and a maximum of 25 cents a hundred weight with the established differentials at other points in adjusting the tariff rates to be made even cents and half cents. This, it is said, makes an average reduction for the whole State of 10 per cent. on the whole through rate and nearly 50 per cent. reduction upon the proportion of the through rate applying to Kansas. That is upon the difference of the through rate from Kansas points to the Missouri river, and the rate from the latter point and St. Louis and Chicago, the cut is nearly 50 per cent.

L. A. BRICK, State Silk Commissioner, has submitted his annual report to Secretary Mohler. The report is devoted almost entirely to remarks as to operations during the year 1889 at the State silk station at Peabody. The receipts from the sale of silk were \$875, and the total expenditures \$2,811.75, including \$1,189 for cocoons, \$407.44 for reeling wages, \$310.83 for engineers' wages, \$250 for Commissioner's salary and \$653 for incidentals and fuel. There is now on hand a balance of \$421.42 in cash, \$235 in cocoons and \$190 in eggs.

THE barn attached to Wolf's packing house at Topeka was burned the other night. Seven horses perished.

COLLECTOR CYRUS LELAND has made the following appointments of deputies: George A. Sears, of Guthrie, for the Oklahoma district; Gregory Blacklee, of Needlesha, for Mr. Perkins' district; Major E. J. Peck, of Fort Scott, for Mr. Funston's district, and Robert McCause, of Newton, for Mr. Peters' district. The remaining vacancies will be filled soon.

INFORMATION has reached the Comptroller of the Currency to the effect that a man calling himself E. McGregor, who was at Topeka from January 16 to 21, claimed that he was an examiner of National banks. The Comptroller says that as there is no examiner of this name it will be well for bank officers to be on their guard against this individual and to explore his history.

THE establishment of the Methodist Protestant University of the West at Kansas City, Kan., is said to be assured, and to the amount of \$100,000 having been donated by enterprising citizens for the institution.

THE Governor has pardoned John W. Webster, of Jackson County, convicted of forgery, on condition that he abstain from the use of liquor for two years.

THE first statistical report concerning the extent of the salt industry in Kansas has been prepared by Secretary Mohler of the Agricultural Department, and makes an interesting showing as to the product and value of the salt manufactured in the State during 1889.

THE product for the year amounted to 547,224 barrels, and in addition there were 19,056 tons not put in barrels. The total value of the product was \$448,238, showing that salt manufacturing is becoming a most important industry in Kansas. The total value of the product at Hutchinson was \$270,938; at Kingman, \$80,500; at Anthony, \$51,000; at Sterling, \$34,300; at Wellington, \$19,300, and at Solomon City, \$2,000.

IN the recent bidding for prison labor at the Kansas penitentiary John Gafney, of Kansas City, was the highest bidder, and he secured sixty convicts for the next year at 70 cents per day each. There is a small brick plant inside the prison walls which he has leased from the State, and he will start to manufacturing pressed brick at once. Gafney is backed by a rich company. It is said to be their intention to erect within the penitentiary walls one of the largest brick plants in the West and to run it entirely with convict labor.

WILLIAM SIMS, recently appointed State Treasurer, has filed his bond with the Governor. The sureties are reported to be worth more than \$5,000,000.

THE report of Judge Sutton, receiver of the defunct Topeka Insurance Company, showed that the liabilities of the company amount to \$23,722.43. The assets are \$23,387.58, but they consist principally of notes which are practically worthless.

SEDEWICK COUNTY leads the State in the aggregate yield of corn last year, her crop amounting to 7,928,200 bushels. Jewell comes next with 7,852,580, and Sumner third with 7,380,000.

THE report of Commissioner Betton on the milling interests of the State shows that on June 30, 1889, there were 224 flouring mills in Kansas with an aggregate capital of \$6,401,532. The business of flour making is increasing in the larger cities of the State, and Kansas flour already has a well established reputation in Europe. Nearly 3,000,000 barrels were produced during the year ended June 30, 1889. The average cost of grain was about 73 cents and some 15,000,000 bushels were ground.

THE other day Deputy Sheriff Turner went to the farm of David Merydith, near Dexter, to levy an execution on Merydith's live-stock to satisfy a judgment. The two had a quarrel, and Turner shot and killed Merydith and gave himself up. Turner said that Merydith threatened to shoot him and hence his action.

MRS. MARY YOUNGER, of Wichita, whose only child died recently, swooned by the side of the grave during the funeral services and in half an hour was a corpse.

J. D. LAWRENCE, wanted at Nebraska City, Neb., for murder, has been arrested at Leavenworth.

F. P. FULLER, secretary of the defunct Topeka Insurance Company, who December 30, in the district court of Shawnee County, made charges of bribery of several members of the Legislature, was recently arrested on a complaint sworn out by Judge E. Sutton, receiver of the Topeka Insurance Company, charged with perjury.

## THE CZAR'S CAULDRON.

### The Murder of Mme. Shihida-Siberian Prisoners Driven Frantic.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Provided with a cable dispatch of introduction from George Kennan, the celebrated Siberian traveler, the London agent of the Associated Press called on Sergius Stepniak, the well known writer upon Russian political and social conditions, and asked him whether he could give any information in regard to the outrages in the political prison at Kara in Eastern Siberia, rumors of which had recently reached the public press by way of the Russian colony in Paris.

Mr. Stepniak replied that the reports already published gave only a hint of the horrible tragedy enacted at Kara. Perfectly trustworthy information, he said, had been received in cipher letters that have succeeded in getting to Paris and London from exiles in Eastern Siberia. These letters, which were nothing but meager scraps of paper, told the story of the recent horror only in its main outlines, but one who knew about the Siberian prison life did not need a circumstantial recital to understand the cruelty of discipline and the agony of suffering of which this horror was the culmination.

According to the latest information Madame Shihida did not commit suicide, as the earliest reports stated. She died from the effect of a cruel flogging to which she was subjected. The flogging took place on Wednesday, November 6. It was continued till under the brutal blows the unhappy victim lost consciousness and lay as one dead. The poor woman never revived from the terrible shock, but continued to grow weaker and weaker until Friday, when death came to her relief. The news of her shocking official murder produced widespread dismay among her fellow prisoners and three of them, unable to longer bear their wretched fate, committed suicide by taking poison. How they obtained the poison is not known, but probably they had long had it in their possession and were keeping it as a last resort. The names of the women were Marie Kaluzhnaya, Maria Paoloma Karalefskaya and Nadezhda Smirnit-skaya.

Marie Kaluzhnaya was arrested in 1884, being then a girl of eighteen, on a charge of disloyalty. Her father was a merchant at Odessa. During her imprisonment every means was tried in vain to extort from her a confession implicating her friends. At last Colonel Katanski, a gendarme officer, brought to her a skillfully forged statement purporting to be the confession of her fellow conspirators and promising immunity if she also confessed. Marie fell into the trap, confessed and her confession was used against her friends, who were sentenced to penal servitude. When she learned that they had made no confession, but had been convicted on her testimony alone, she procured a revolver, and on August 21, called on Colonel Katanski and fired at him, wounding him slightly in one ear. For this attempted assassination she was condemned by court martial at Odessa September 10, 1884, and sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude.

Maria Paoloma Karalefskaya was a married lady, about thirty-five years of age, daughter of a well known landed proprietor in the south of Russia, Paul Voroutsof, and sister of Basil Voroutsof, one of the best known political economists in Russia. She joined a secret circle which was surprised and captured by the police in February, 1879, and sentenced to thirteen years' penal servitude, with exile to Siberia for life and deprivation of all civil rights. Her husband, though not present, was sent by administrative process 1,000 miles from the mines to which she was sent. The separation drove her insane and she was put in a straight jacket. In 1881 she was allowed to join her husband in the hope of restoring her reason. She recovered, but a new Governor separated them again and she was returned to the Kara mines.

Nadezhda Smirnit-skaya was thirty-three years old and a student in a woman's college. She was sent to the Kara mines for fifteen years with penal servitude.

Shortly after the suicide of the three women a brother of Marie Kaluzhnaya, also a political prisoner, died suddenly. It is not definitely known as yet whether he, too, died by poison, or whether his death was the result of overpowering grief on learning of the death of his sister.

Another exile named Bobokov committed suicide rather than submit to the cruel humiliation and suffering of a flogging. Bobokov was a university student and took part in some public demonstrations of the students which was displeasing to the authorities. He was thereupon ordered to make his abode at Pirtega, a small village in the province of Archangel, the northernmost of European Russia. From there he attempted to make his escape and for this offense he was exiled to the mines of Eastern Siberia.

The flogging of Mme. Shihida occurred under orders issued by Lieutenant-General Baron Kossif, the Governor-General of the province of the Amour, in which the Kara prison is situated. These orders directed that the secret edict of March, 1888, signed by Galkine Vinski, Director-General of the prisons for the Empire, should be unflinchingly enforced. This edict was to the effect that the political convicts should be treated by prison officials in precisely the same manner as criminals condemned for common law offenses. Political prisoners were thus made liable to flogging for breaches of prison discipline. In what particular way Mme. Shihida had transgressed the prison rules is not clearly explained, but flogging a sensitive and cultured woman to death for any lack of conformity to prison regulations Mr. Stepniak thought would impress the West with profound horror.

The political prisoners of Kara, Mr. Stepniak said, had in some way learned that the political exiles imprisoned at Saghalien had also been subjected to cruel floggings. They were constantly in dread of similar tortures to those inflicted upon Mme. Shihida.

THE granite polishers of Barre, Vt., have struck for nine hours work and 17 per cent. increase in pay.

## COMPLAINT DISMISSED.

### Decision of the Inter-State Commission in the Cattle Reshipment Case Favorable to the Chicago & Alton.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission yesterday, in an opinion by Chairman Cooley, rendered its decision in the case of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company against the Chicago & Alton Railroad Company, dismissing the complaint.

The case was a controversy between the two railroad companies, involving the right of the Rock Island Company to be protected in its method of shipping cattle from points west of Kansas City to Chicago and of allowing them to be held over at Kansas City for an indefinite time to try the market there, and then if it reshipped either the same cattle or others substituted in their places at the through rate originally agreed upon, that the Alton Company should have no right to take the reshipment from Kansas City to Chicago at the proportionate rate of the original through rate. On this point the Commission held as follows: "Where property is to be transported by rail by continuous and uninterrupted carriage from one station to another, there may be sound and legal reasons for making a charge for the through transportation which is less than the sum of the locals for the transportation of like property from point to point between such stations. But where property is billed from one station to another with the understanding that it is to be unloaded at an intermediate station, and that whether it shall be reloaded for further carriage will depend upon the option of the shipper or of any one who may have become purchaser, the case does not fall within the rules governing rates on through transportation and the carrier is not at such intermediate points entitled to have the carriage protected as a through shipment as against competitors."

## THE SIBERIAN HORROR.

### Further Particulars Aggravate the Awful Affair.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Further particulars of the Siberian horror have been received, and show that the cruelties were worse than at first reported.

It now appears that Mme. Shihida's younger sister, sixteen years old, went to Siberia to look after her comfort. Arriving there, she had the misfortune to please the eye of the director of the prison. She was detained by him upon a trumped-up charge of conniving at Mme. Shihida's attempted escape, and became a victim of his brutality. She was subjected to such atrocious treatment as to cause her death soon after.

Mme. Shihida, indignant and terror-stricken by this awful event, vehemently denounced the outrage. She attracted the attention of the director, who then approached her with the same insults he had heaped upon her sister. The monstrous revenge of the director in having her publicly flogged followed, and this punishment was accompanied by inhuman incidents which probably had more to do in driving her to suicide than the exposure to which she had been subjected.

The revolt in the male prison is confirmed, and it is now definitely known that the number killed amounted to forty-one.

Upon learning the particulars and realizing the universal protest and violent feeling the case would arouse, the Czar dispatched an officer to replace the director and ordered that official to report at St. Petersburg.

## OLD COUPLE MURDERED.

### Double Murder in Nebraska and Cattle Stolen.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 15.—The bodies of an old couple named Jones, living six miles west of here, were found yesterday morning hidden in a heap of refuse behind a barn on their farm. Both bodies were perforated with bullets. They had evidently been dead for some days. The husband was seventy-one years of age and the wife had just passed her sixtieth year. The body of the old man was found in a dung heap adjoining the cow barn. He had been buried in the excrement at a depth of a couple of feet. The old lady was found at the base of a hay stack and had been completely covered with hay, which conformed to the outline of the hill that some searching was instituted before the discovery was made. There is not the slightest doubt that both were murdered. Eighteen head of cattle belonging on the farm were driven away. Frank Offitt and Jerry Dee, two employes in South Omaha, have been arrested charged with the murder. It is found that they sold the stock cattle to a South Omaha commission house.